## Current Perspectives on Preclinical Predictive Tools for Immunogenicity Risk Assessment and Clinical Translation

Vibha Jawa Merck & Co., Inc. October 3-4, 2018 FDA Workshop



# Acknowledgements

- Jad Maamary
- Carly Tasker
- Michael Swanson
- Diana Montgomery
- Vikram Sinha

Collaborators EpiVax Abzena



# Implementing Risk Assessment Tools



Gokemeijer J, Jawa V and Mitra-Kaushik S. The AAPS Journal (# 2017)

# Outline

- Implementation of Predictive Tools during
  Development
- Integrating outputs from predictive tools
  - Algorithm based outputs and their applications
  - Improving the Prediction Accuracy
- In vitro assays and their correlation to algorithms and clinical data
- Prediction to clinical outcome
  - Case Studies
  - Understand association with HLA DR alleles



### Where Algorithm-based Tools Can Assist with Immunogenicity



#### **Examples: FPX**

#### Correlation between Imunogenicity Scores and Immune Response is Excellent



#### Case Study: FPX Demonstrates Utility of In Silico Risk Assessment



Vibha Jawa, Leslie Cousens, and Anne S. De Groot. Immunogenicity of Therapeutic Fusion proteins: Contributory Factors and Clinical Experience, Chapter in: Fusion Protein Technologies for Biopharmaceuticals: Applications and Challenges, John Wiley and Sons, Inc Public

### **Examples: Monoclonal Antibody**

#### **Comparison of In Silico Outputs and Candidate Ranking**

#### $\mathbf{VH}$

**CL47** 

2LVQSGPEVKKPGTSVKVSCKAS<mark>GYTFTDYNVD</mark>WVRQARGQRLEWIGDIN PNDGGTIYAQKFQERVTITVDKSTSTAYMELSSLRSEDTAVYYCARNYRWFGAM DHWGQGTTVTVSSA

VL DIVMTQTPLSLSVTPGQPASISC<mark>KASQSLDYEGDSDMN</mark>WYLQKPGQ<u>PPQLL<mark>IYG</mark> ASNLESGVP</u>DRFSGSGSGTDFTLKISRVEAEDVGVYYCQQSTEDPRTFGGGGTKV EIK

**IEDB** 

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#### EpiMatrix Immunogenicity Scale

#### **VL\_CL47:**

Intermediate/High, cluster is very likely to be processed/ presented since it shares a high similarity to therapeutic antibody derived peptides shown experimentally to be presented on APCs









P Public **High Immunogenic Potential** 

## **GDNF Immunogenicity in Phase 2 Trial**

Study	Pre-	Pre-	Post-	Post-	
(Treated /	Existing	Existing	Exposure	Exposure	
Placebo)	<b>Binding Ab</b>	Neutralizing	<b>Binding Ab</b>	Neutralizing	
6 mo (17/17)	18%	0%	53%	6%	
Rollover (34/0)	18%	0%	53%	12%	

IgG increased in 7 pts – Four of these developed neutralizing Ab

### Correlation of EpiMatrix Scores and Immunogenicity of Therapeutic proteins in Clinic

Peptibody	FPX 1	FPX 2	FPX 3	FPX 4	FPX 5
EpiMatrix score	21	25.0	1.76	-0.76	1.63
Binding Antibodies	37%	53%	7.8%	5.6%	9.3%
Neutralizing Antibodies	40%	12%	0.5%	na	0%

#### **One Option: Layering with Multiple Algorithms Help Predict Risk of a Human mAb**





# **Increasing Prediction Accuracy**

Integrating readouts from multiple algorithms

- Ensures inclusion of diverse HLA alleles (DRB1,DRB3,DP and DQ)
- Removal of molecules with a potential target effects can improve correlation
- De risk sequences that are cross reactive with endogenous proteins
- Assessing binding at both MHC pocket and T cell receptor binding faces
- Inclusion of MAPPS processed peptides (APPL)



### Variety of T cell assays used by Industry



### **In Vitro Validation of In Silico Output** MAPPS: Antigen Presentation and Processing

MHC Class II Associated Peptide Proteomics

MAPPS Assay

MHC immunoprecipitation

MS sequencing of peptides

Value added: peptide processing/competition





# In Vitro Validation of In Silico Output PBMC Assay



## In Vitro Validation of In Silico Output

## DC/T Cell Assay

Generate moDC









Public

samples

### Correlation: in Silico Ex Vivo Immunogenicity Assessment

#### **INFLIXIMAB** (Remicade anti-TNFα) : ADA rate 10-51%



Hamze et al., Front Immunol. 2017

**RED: CDR** Yellow: promiscuous epitopes Bolded and Underlined : clusters Red Bars: T cell epitope sequences identified using cells collected in healthy donors (15 donors) Green bars: T cell epitope sequences identified using cells collected in patients with antidrug antibodies (5 patients) Black Bars: Epitopes presented on HLA-DR

### Secukinumab Case Study: MAPPS/T cell assays vs. In Silico Prediction



In silico analysis is fast and gives a very good assessment of immunogenicity risk.

In silico data can also give population-level risk.

## **MAPPS vs. ClustiMer-Predicted Epitopes**



Public

Green Box: Tregitope Green Box: JanusMatrix ≥2; potential regulatory Red Box: JanusMatrix <2; potential effector All positions are relative Epitope Clusters derived in the context of eight common HLA-DR alleles DRB1\*0101, DRB1\*0301, DRB1\*0401, DRB1\*0701, DRB1\*0801, DRB1\*1101, DRB1\*1301, DRB1\*1501

**Figure 4.** MAPPS results for five monoclonal antibodies from the publication by augmented with ClustiMer and JanusMatrix results. Peptides eluted from five different therapeutic antibodies (black bars) compared to EpiMatrix-derived T cell epitope clusters (colored boxes). Green Box: contains known and previously validated and/or published Tregitope 9-mer(s); Light Green Box: contains potential tolerated or regulatory peptide based on JanusMatrix analysis; Red Box: potential effector or inflammatory peptide according to JanusMatrix. Blue arrow indicates HLA-restricted epitopes. Differences between the immunogenicity of these products were validated in in vitro assays performed by Karle et al.; EpiMatrix-adjusted immunogenicity scores generated using the ISPRI toolkit (immunoinformatics only) were closely matched to these in vitro, published results.

#### Association of HLA with T cell response to Vatreptacog alfa



Donors with MHC-II alleles that bound with either low [MHC-II (low affinity)] or high [MHC-II (high affinity)] affinity to neosequences engineered into vatreptacog alfa were evaluated for T cell functional response *Lamberth et al., Sci. Transl. Med. 9, eaag1286 (2017)* 



# HLA DR Binding T cell epitopes and Consistency Across Readouts



T cell epitope sequences identified using cells collected in healthy donors (red) (15 donors in total) or in patients with antidrug antibodies (green) (5 patients for infliximab) were reported, each bar corresponding to an individual response. Black: cluster identified by MHC-associated peptide proteomics assay. Occurrence of each cluster among the donors tested is indicated inside each bar.

#### Characterization of CD4 T Cell Epitopes of Infliximab and Rituximab Identified from Healthy Donors

Moustafa Hamze<sup>1</sup>, Sylvain Meunier<sup>1</sup>, Anette Karle<sup>2</sup>, Abdelaziz Gdoura<sup>1</sup>, Amélie Goudet<sup>1</sup>, :ha Szely<sup>3</sup>, Marc Pallardy<sup>3</sup>, Franck Carbonnel<sup>4</sup>, Sebastian Spindeldreher<sup>2</sup>, **Public** r Mariette<sup>5</sup>, Corinne Miceli-Richard<sup>5</sup> and Bernard Maillère<sup>1\*</sup>

#### **Risk Designation Flow Chart Based On Algorithm Outputs**



#### **Drive Clinical Strategy based on Risk Designation**

### Decision Flow and Impact on Clinical Trial Design

Identify Hotspots Optimize by reengineerin g and <u>hu</u>manizing Continue with Preclinical Development Identify process related Post translational risk Derisk using human ex

vivo assays

Continue with Clin development Risk based Clinical Trial Design

Pharmacogenomic HLA typing

Minimal Risk: Collect and Hold samples for ADA

Moderate to High Risk: Assess ADA for Impact on Safety and Efficacy

Assess ADA impa PK, PD and S

# Conclusions

- Developed an in silico methodology to assess potential immunogenicity of Biotherapeutics
- Correlation between in silico prediction and in vitro assays
- Correlation between in silico prediction and clinical ADA incidence
- Scientific Impact:
  - Supports Quality by Design and Development of a molecule with minimal risk

